

Preventive Health Center

High-tech Whole body Health Examination Package

Item	Contents	Purpose
General Examination	Height, Weight, Blood Pressure, Heart Rate, Waist Circumference	Initial assessment of the body
Ophthalmology Examination	Vision, Intraocular Pressure (IOP), Ophthalmology Consultation	Checks vision, screens for glaucoma
Urinalysis	pH, specific gravity, sugar, protein, bilirubin, urobilinogen, nitrite, ketone bodies, WBCs, RBCs, etc. Microalbuminuria, urinary creatinine	Checks liver function, gallbladder function, and renal function. Screens for UTI, kidney stones, and diabetes. Early indicator of renal dysfunction
Fecal Examination Routine Blood Tests	Hemoccult Complete blood count (CBC) with differential (RBC, WBC, HCT, HB, PLT, etc.)	Screens for gastrointestinal bleeding Screens for anemia, leukemia, general infection and inflammation
Liver Function Test	SGPT, SGOT, alkaline phosphoric acid, total albumin, total globulin, albumin/globulin ratio, r-GT	Screens for abnormal liver function, liver cirrhosis, liver cancer, and other diseases
Bile Function Test (Jaundice Check)	Total bilirubin, direct bilirubin	Screens for hemolytic anemia, hepatitis, liver disease, biliary obstruction, and other diseases
Renal Function Test	Urea nitrogen, creatinine	Screens for nephritis, renal failure, renal dysfunction, and other diseases
Gout Check	Uric Acid	Screens for Gout
Blood Glucose Test (Diabetes Examination)	Pre-meal blood sugar (AC sugar) Glycated hemoglobin (HbA1c)	Preliminary screening of blood glucose Long-term average blood sugar over past 2-3 months, for diabetes control and management
Blood Lipid Panel	Total Cholesterol (T-Chol.), Triglycerides (TG)	Blood lipid analysis, fat metabolism, blood circulation and other

		cardiovascular diseases
	High density lipoprotein	Evaluates risk of myocardial
	cholesterol (HDL-C)	infarction
	Low density lipoprotein	Evaluates risk of coronary artery
	cholesterol (LDL-C)	disease
	Total Cholesterol/HDL-C	Evaluates risk factors for
		atherosclerosis
Cardiovascular	Homocysteine	Evaluates risk of cardiovascular
Disease Risk Factors		disease and stroke
Viral Hepatitis Panel	Hepatitis A Antibody	Indicates immunity to Hepatitis A
	(Anti-HAV IgG)	
	Hepatitis B Surface Antigen	Indicates that patient is acutely
	(HBsAg)	infected and contagious
	Hepatitis B Surface Antibody (Anti-HBs)	Indicates immunity to Hepatitis B
	Hepatitis B Core Antibody	Indicates chronic Hepatitis B or
	(Anti-HBclgG)	recovery from Hepatitis B
	Hepatitis C Antibody	Indicates immunity to Hepatitis C
	(Anti-HCV)	, .
Thyroid Function Test	Free Thyroxine (FT4)	Screens for abnormal thyroid
-	Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	function
	(TSH)	
Pulmonary Function	Vital Capacity [males]	Screens for obstructive pulmonary
Test		disease
Electrocardiogram	Static ECG	Evaluates heart rhythm, myocardial
(ECG)		ischemia, conduction blocks, and
		other cardiac functions
Body Composition	Body Fat	Body mass index (BMI), lean tissue vs.
Analysis		body fat components
Ultrasound	Upper abdominal ultrasound	Screens for tumors, stones, or
Examinations		abnormalities in the liver, gallbladder,
		kidneys, pancreas, and spleen
	Gynecological and pelvic	Detects uterine and ovarian lesions
	ultrasound [females]	
Female Cancer	Pap Smear [females]	Tests for the presence of
Screening		precancerous or cancerous cervical
		cells
Bone Densitometry	Bone Mineral Density	Screens for osteopenia and
		osteoporosis
X-Ray	KUB Abdominal X-Ray	Allows for observation of abdominal

		organs, kidneys, ureters, and bladder
Breast Examination	Mammogram (checked by	Bilateral detection of calcifications,
	female radiologist)	cysts, and fibroadenomas
Precision Hearing Test	Air conduction test	Detects hearing loss
Orthogonal	Whole Body PET-CT	By delivering a small amount of
Tomography		intravenous radioactive glucose to
		the patient, physicians can utilize
		PET-CT scans to pinpoint where the
		body is metabolizing an abnormally
		high amount of glucose. This allows
		doctors to diagnose, characterize,
		and locate the metastases of most
		cancers with accuracy and precision.
		It also enables doctors to detect any
		residual or recurrent tumors after
		treatment.
	Tumor Marker	Male Tumor Index includes: AFP, CEA,
		CA-199, PSA, Anti-SCC
		Female Tumor Index includes: AFP,
		CEA, CA-199, Anti-SCC, CA-125
Nuclear Magnetic	Head and Neck MRI	Detects brain tumors, cerebral
Resonance Imaging		hemorrhage, infarction, aneurysms,
Examination (MRI)		and arterial & venous malformations.
3.0T		Also evaluates the risk of stroke by
		identifying both cerebral and carotid
		artery stenosis.
		Decemmended for nationts with
		Recommended for: patients with history of chronic headaches or
		,
		dizziness and for high-risk stroke patients (family history of stroke,
		brain aneurysm, hypertensive
CT Scan	CT Angiography of Coronary	diabetes, hyperlipidemia) Non-invasively assess the health of
Cr Scall	Arteries	coronary arteries and detects
	ALCHES	coronary artery stenosis, with
		accuracy comparable to that of
		cardiac catheterization.
		cardiac carrieterization.
		Recommended for patients with a
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	Low-Dose Pulmonary CT	history of hypertension, diabetes mellitus, hypercholesterolemia, smoking, angina, ECG indicating cardiac ischemia, or a family history of cardiovascular disease Detects lung lesions as small as 0.2cm in size, including tumors, pneumonia, granuloma or fibrosis	
		Recommended for patients with a history of smoking, abnormal chest x-ray, chronic cough, and patients who work in environments with exposure to fumes (ie. cooks)	
Gastrointestinal	Upper gastrointestinal	Allows for observation of the	
Examination	endoscopy (from mouth or	esophagus, stomach and duodenum.	
	nasal cavity into the stomach)	Detects inflammation, ulcers, polyps, cancer, etc.	
Lower Bowel	Intestinal endoscopy	Allows for observation of the large	
Examination		intestine. Detects inflammation,	
		ulcers, polyps, cancer, etc.	
		Recommended for patients with	
		family history of colorectal cancer,	
		hemoccult in stool, or changes in	
		bowel habits	
Physical Examination	Physical Examination (includes: h	Physical Examination (includes: head and neck, lymph nodes, chest,	
by Family Doctor	heart, abdomen, limbs, etc.)		
Physician	Attending physician provides an explanation of the physical		
Commentary	examination results and educates patient about health promotion.		
Personalized Medical Report	Detailed report and health education manual		

Notes

- 1. Cost of this physical examination package is NT \$73,600
- 2. Includes free parking and one complimentary meal
- 3. Includes a complimentary night stay at a 5-star hotel

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